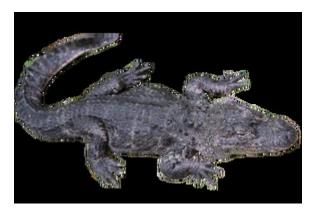
Imagine a creature with a strong, scaled body, sharp teeth, and a snout that's simply unforgettable: that's the Chinese alligator for you! This amazing creature, also known as the 'Yangtze alligator', is smaller than its American cousin, but don't let its size fool you. Its body is covered in hard, bumpy scales that are mostly dark grey or black, with a softer underbelly that's a creamy yellow. And did I mention they have around 80 teeth in their strong jaws? Now that's a toothy grin!



Taking a leap from their toothy grins, let's dive into the world where these fabulous creatures live. Chinese alligators are most at home in fresh water environments, like rivers, lakes, and marshes in eastern China. Unfortunately, due to habitat loss, there are now only a few hundred of these alligators left in the wild. But don't worry, many are being taken care of in zoos and breeding centers to help their population grow.

Speaking of growing, Chinese alligators have a fascinating life cycle. After a female lays her eggs, she guards them closely until they hatch, showing just how caring these creatures can be. Once the little alligators are born, they stick with their mom for a while, learning all the alligator tricks of the trade. These little alligators grow up to be quite the hunters, eating fish, snails, and even small mammals!



Now, you might be wondering how these alligators get along with other animals, including us humans. Chinese alligators are generally shy and prefer to stay away from people, but they can defend themselves if they need to with their strong tails and powerful jaws. They play an important role in their ecosystem, controlling the population of certain animals and helping to keep the environment balanced. So remember, while they might look scary, Chinese alligators are a unique and important part of our world's wildlife.



Chinese Alligator

Solve each problem.

Use the article to answer the question.						
1)	What color are Chinese alligator's scales?					
	A. Dark grey or black	В.	Blue or black			
	C. Green or brown	D.	Yellow or brown			
2)	What is the Chinese alligator also known as?					
_)	A. The Asian alligator	B.	The Beijing gator			
	C. The Chinese crocodile		The Yangtze alligator			
3)	Where do Chinese alligators live?					
C)	A. Rivers, lakes, and marshes in eastern	B.	Bays, swamps, and marshes in			
	China	D	southern China			
	C. Rivers, lakes, and forests in northern China	D.	Estuaries, lagoons, and lakes in western China			
4)	What color is the underbelly of a Chinese alli	gato	or?			
,	A. Orange	-	Brown			
	C. Yellow	D.	White			
5)	Why are many Chinese alligators now in zoos	an	d breeding centers?			
3)	A. to help their population grow		to protect them from predators			
	C. to perform in shows		to be pets for people			
6)	Approximately how many teeth do Chinese A	-				
	A. 100 C. 120		80 50			
	C. 120	D.	30			
7)	7) Approximately how many Chinese alligators are left in the wild?					
	A. A few dozen	В.	A few thousand			
	C. Tens of thousands	D.	A few hundred			
8)	Who guards the Chinese alligator eggs till the	ey h	atch?			
	A. The male alligator	В.	The older sibling alligators			
	C. Both, male and female alligators	D.	The female alligator			
9)	What do Chinese alligator babies eat?					
-)	A. Birds, eggs, and insects	B.	Grass, leaves, and fruits			
	C. Nuts, roots, and bark	D.	Fish, snails, and small mammals			
10)	What is causing the decrease in wild Chinese	911;	gator populations?			
10)	A. lack of food		habitat loss			
	C. disease		too much hunting			
		<u>,</u>	too much hunting			

Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

11) "There are millions of us Chinese alligators in the wild."

	Chinese Alligator	Name:		
12)	2) "My kind is getting smaller in numbers, but there are lots of humans	s taking care of us."		
13)	"You can find my family in zoos, where they take care of us if we lose our home."			
14)	I) "My skin is usually dark grey or black, and my underbelly is creamy cream!"	y yellow, like ice-		
15)	5) "My scales are smooth and glossy, great for swimming!"			
16)	(i) "We gather in groups of up to a thousand in the wild. It's one big all	ligator party out there!"		
17)	"My kids? Oh, they are independent from the moment they hatch."			
18)	3) "I'm a beach alligator. Seaside is my preferred living spot!"			

- **19**) "I'm a vegetarian and I only eat greens."
- 20) "My bumpy scales make my skin strong, and they help me blend in my home."
- 21) "I'm not much into hunting. I prefer a fruit-only diet!"
- **22)** "Did you know my snout is very special? It's what makes me different from other alligators."

Determine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in the article.

- 23) Chinese alligators eat fish, snails, and small mammals.
- 24) It is great that many Chinese alligators who lost their homes to habitat loss are being taken care of in zoos.
- 25) After a female Chinese alligator lays her eggs, she guards them until they hatch.
- **26**) The fact that Chinese alligators eat snails is disgusting.
- 27) Chinese alligators live in fresh water environments.
- **28)** Seeing a Chinese alligator in the wild would be a thrilling experience.
- **29**) The body of a chinese alligator is covered in hard, bumpy scales.
- **30)** There are currently only a few hundred Chinese alligators left in the wild.
- **31**) Chinese alligators being smaller than American ones makes them cuter.
- **32)** Chinese alligators are one of the most unique looking alligators in the world with their bumpy scales and snout.

Determine if the statement is true or false.

- **33**) Chinese alligators prefer to stay away from people.
- **34)** Chinese alligators are larger in size than American alligators.
- **35)** Chinese alligators have a soft underbelly.
- **36)** The underbelly of the Chinese alligator is grey or black.
- **37**) There are only a few hundred Chinese alligators left in the wild.
- **38)** Chinese alligators can only live in saltwater environments.
- **39)** Chinese alligators are mainly found in the Amazon rainforest.
- **40)** After the Chinese alligator babies are born they quickly leave the mother.
- **41**) Chinese alligators eat fish, snails, and small mammals.
- **42)** Chinese alligators are smaller than American alligators.

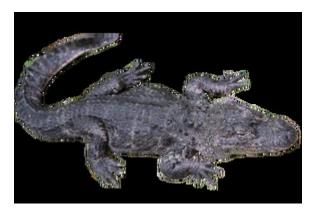


Determine if the sentence is a declarative(d), exclamatory(e), interrogative(i) or imperative(m).

- **43**) Chinese alligators have a lifespan of around 50 years.
- 44) How long can Chinese alligators submerge underwater?
- **45)** Chinese alligators mainly eat fish, turtles, and small mammals.
- **46)** Chinese alligators are an endangered species.
- **47)** Do Chinese alligators hibernate during winter?
- **48)** Where do Chinese alligators live?

		Chinese Alligat	or Name:
1.	26.		
2.	27.		
3.	28.		
4.	29.		
5.	30.		
6.	31.		
7.	32.		
8.	33.		
9.	34.		
10.	35.		
11.	36.		
12.	37.		
13.	38.		
14.	39.		
15.	40.		
16.	41.		
17.	42.		
18.	43.		
19.	44.		
20.	45.		
21.	46.		
22.	47.		
23.	48.		
24.			
25.			
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Solve each problem.

	se the article to answer the question.					
1)	A. Dark grey or black	в	Blue or black			
	C. Green or brown		Yellow or brown			
		2.				
2)	What is the Chinese alligator also known as?					
	A. The Asian alligator		The Beijing gator			
	C. The Chinese crocodile	D.	The Yangtze alligator			
3)	Where do Chinese alligators live?					
	A. Rivers, lakes, and marshes in eastern China	В.	Bays, swamps, and marshes in southern China			
	C. Rivers, lakes, and forests in northern China	D.	Estuaries, lagoons, and lakes in western China			
4)	What color is the underbelly of a Chinese alli	oato	nr?			
	A. Orange	-	Brown			
	C. Yellow		White			
_						
5)	Why are many Chinese alligators now in zoos		-			
	A. to help their population grow		to protect them from predators			
	C. to perform in shows	D.	to be pets for people			
6)	Approximately how many teeth do Chinese Alligators have?					
	A. 100		80			
	C. 120	D.	50			
7)	Approximately how many Chinese alligators are left in the wild?					
	A. A few dozen B. A few thousa		A few thousand			
	C. Tens of thousands	D.	A few hundred			
8)	Who guards the Chinese alligator eggs till the	v h	atch?			
0)	A. The male alligator	•	The older sibling alligators			
	C. Both, male and female alligators		The female alligator			
0)	What do Chinago alligator babies act?					
9)	What do Chinese alligator babies eat?A. Birds, eggs, and insects	R	Grass, leaves, and fruits			
	C. Nuts, roots, and bark		Fish, snails, and small mammals			
10)	What is causing the decrease in wild Chinese					
	A. lack of food		habitat loss			
	C. disease	D.	too much hunting			

Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

11) "There are millions of us Chinese alligators in the wild."

	Chinese Alligator	Name:	Answer	Key				
12)	2) "My kind is getting smaller in numbers, but there are lots of humans taking care of us."							
13)	"You can find my family in zoos, where they take care of us if we lose our home."							
14)	"My skin is usually dark grey or black, and my underbelly is creamy yellow, "cream!"	like ice-						
15)	"My scales are smooth and glossy, great for swimming!"							
16)	"We gather in groups of up to a thousand in the wild. It's one big alligator par	ty out the	ere!"					
17)	"My kids? Oh, they are independent from the moment they hatch."							
18)	"I'm a beach alligator. Seaside is my preferred living spot!"							
19)	"I'm a vegetarian and I only eat greens."							
20)	"My bumpy scales make my skin strong, and they help me blend in my home."							
21)	"I'm not much into hunting. I prefer a fruit-only diet!"							
22)	"Did you know my snout is very special? It's what makes me different from other alligators."							
Determine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in the article.								
23)	Chinese alligators eat fish, snails, and small mammals.							
24)	It is great that many Chinese alligators who lost their homes to habitat loss are care of in zoos.	e being ta	ken					
25)	After a famala Chinaga alligator lave har aggs, she guards them until they hat	ah						

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			Chinese Alligate	Dr	Name:	Answer k	Key
1.	Α	26.	opinion				
2.	D	27.	fact				
3.	A	28.	opinion				
4.	С	29.	fact				
5.	A	30.	fact				
6.	В	31.	opinion				
7.	D	32.	opinion				
8.	D	33.	true				
9.	D	34.	false				
10.	В	35.	true				
11.	false	36.	false				
12.	true	37.	true				
13.	true	38.	false				
14.	true	39.	false				
15.	false	40.	false				
16.	false	41.	true				
17.	false	42.	true				
18.	false	43.	declarative				
19.	false	44.	interrogative				
20.	true	45.	declarative				
21.	false	46.	declarative				
22.	true	47.	interrogative				
23.	fact	48.	interrogative				
24.	opinion						
25.	fact						
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Solve each problem. Use the article to answer the question. 1) What color are Chinese alligator's scales? (paragraph 1) A. Dark grey or black B. Blue or black C. D. 2) What is the Chinese alligator also known as? (paragraph 1) A. The Asian alligator B. The Beijing gator C. D. The Yangtze alligator 3) Where do Chinese alligators live? (paragraph 2) A. Rivers, lakes, and marshes in eastern B. Bays, swamps, and marshes in China southern China C. D. 4) What color is the underbelly of a Chinese alligator? (paragraph 1) B. Brown A. C. Yellow D. 5) Why are many Chinese alligators now in zoos and breeding centers? (paragraph 2) A. to help their population grow B. to protect them from predators C. D. 6) Approximately how many teeth do Chinese Alligators have? (paragraph 1) A. 100 B. 80 C. D. 7) Approximately how many Chinese alligators are left in the wild? (paragraph 2) B. A few thousand A. C. D. A few hundred 8) Who guards the Chinese alligator eggs till they hatch? (paragraph 3) A. The male alligator B. The older sibling alligators C. D. The female alligator 9) What do Chinese alligator babies eat? (paragraph 3) A. Birds, eggs, and insects Β. C. D. Fish, snails, and small mammals 10) What is causing the decrease in wild Chinese alligator populations? (paragraph 2) A. lack of food B. habitat loss C. D.

Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

11) "There are millions of us Chinese alligators in the wild." (paragraph 2)



12) "My kind is getting smaller in numbers, but there are lots of humans taking care of us." (paragraph 2)

