Let's jump right in and meet an amazing little creature, the tree frog! These small, often brightly colored amphibians are quite a sight to behold. They have sticky pads on their toes which help them to climb trees and other surfaces. Some of them can even change colors to blend in with their surroundings, isn't that cool?

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Now, you might be wondering how tree frogs keep themselves safe in the wild, right? Well, they have quite a few tricks up their sleeve! Some tree frogs secrete a toxic substance from their skin as a defense mechanism against predators. So, while they might look cute and harmless, tree frogs are hardy little survivors in the wild, each one leaping and thriving in its own unique way.



#### Solve each problem.

#### Use the article to answer the question.

1) Where can tree frogs be found?

A. Only in AfricaB. Only in the desertC. All over the worldD. Only on islands

2) What do tree frogs eat?

A. Insects, spiders, and small B. Grass, seeds, and dirt invertebrates

C. Birds, lemurs, and mice D. Leaves, fruits, and nuts

3) How do some tree frogs keep themselves safe in the wild?

A. They play deadB. They make a high pitched croakC. They pretend to be a leafD. They secrete a toxic substance

4) Can all tree frogs change colors?

A. Some of them canC. Only the males canD. All of them can

5) What helps tree frogs to climb trees and other surfaces?

A. Sticky pads on their toes B. They have a strong grip

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9) Are tree frogs strong swimmers?

A. Some can swim, some can't B. Yes, tree frogs are great swimmers

C. They prefer not to swim D. No, they can't swim at all

**10**) What type of places do tree frogs love?

A. Cold, icy placesB. Dry, hot placesC. Open, windy placesD. Damp, humid places

# Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

11) "Our skin contains unique chemicals that are not only colorful but also helps us to stay safe from predators by tasting or smelling bad."



- 12) "You wouldn't believe how sticky my toes are, they help me cling onto slippery surfaces!"
- 13) "My colorful skin helps me blend in with my surroundings, it's like having a built-in camouflage!"
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#### Determine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in the article.

- 21) Some tree frogs produce a toxic substance from their skin as a defense mechanism.
- 22) The way tree frogs secrete a toxic substance from their skin as a defense is very scary.
- 23) Tree frogs eat insects, spiders, and sometimes small invertebrates.
- 24) Tree frogs are the cutest creatures with their tiny bodies and big eyes.
- 25) Tree frogs are found in various parts across the world, like Asia and Australia.
- **26)** Tree frogs are amazing because they have the ability to climb up trees unlike many other frogs.
- 27) Tree frogs have toes that have sticky pads which help them to climb trees and other surfaces.
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- 29) It's interesting that some tree frogs can live in such different habitats, from the jungles to the forests.
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#### Determine if the statement is true or false.

- **31)** Tree frogs are carnivorous.
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- **35**) Tree frogs in some cases can change their colors.
- **36)** Tree frogs are not capable of changing colors.
- 37) Tree frogs can only be found in North America.
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#### Determine which choice is the expanded form of the underlined contraction.



Name:

41) Tree frogs won't just eat insects, they'll also eat spiders too.

A. do not

B. will not

C. did not

D. can not

**42)** Many tree frogs <u>can't</u> survive in cold temperatures.

A. cannot

B. would not

C. should not

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A. cannot

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D. do not

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## Determine if the sentence is a declarative(d), exclamatory(e), interrogative(i) or imperative(m).

**46**) Tree frogs are active at night and sleep during the day.

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Name:

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16.	41.			
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50.

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 $\mathbf{C}$ opinion 26. 1. A fact 2. 27.  $\mathbf{D}$ fact 3. 28. opinion A 29. 4. A opinion 5. 30. D true 31. 6. A false 32. 7.  $\mathbf{C}$ true 8. 33. B false 9. 34.  $\mathbf{D}$ true 10. 35. false true 11. 36. false true 12. 37. true false 13. 38. false true 14. 39. true true 15. 40. B false 16. 41. A true 17. 42. false D 43. 18. false A 19. 44.  $\mathbf{C}$ false 20. 45. fact declarative 21. 46. opinion interrogative 22. 47. fact declarative 23. 48. opinion declarative 24. 49. fact interrogative 25. 50.

interrogative 51.



В.

Name:

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1) Where can tree frogs be found? (paragraph 2)

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C. All over the world D.

2) What do tree frogs eat? (paragraph 2)

A. Insects, spiders, and small B. Grass, seeds, and dirt

invertebrates

C. D.

3) How do some tree frogs keep themselves safe in the wild? (paragraph 4)

A. B. They make a high pitched croak

C. D. They secrete a toxic substance

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A. Some of them can B.

C. D.

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(paragraph 3)

A. Metastasis B.

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