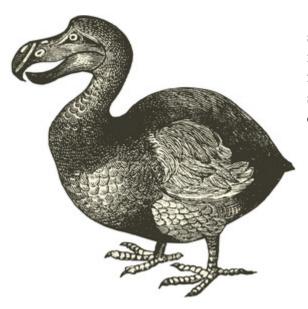
Let's go on a journey back in time to meet a curious bird named Dodo. This fascinating creature was quite large, about 3 feet tall, and had a big, hooked beak. Covered in grey or brownish feathers, this chubby bird had tiny wings that were too small for it to fly. Its blue-grey legs were strong and sturdy, perfect for its life on the ground.

Stomping around with those strong legs, the Dodo called the beautiful island of Mauritius, located in the Indian Ocean, home. It lived in the forested areas of the island, where it could find plenty of food. Speaking of food, this bird was not a picky eater at all, munching on fruits, seeds, nuts, and roots that it found on the ground. The Dodo didn't have to worry about finding food because it didn't have any natural predators on the island, that is, until humans arrived.



When humans discovered Mauritius in the late 1500s, life changed dramatically for our feathered friends. The Dodo was hunted for food by sailors, and the animals they brought with them, like dogs and pigs, destroyed their nests and ate their eggs. Sadly, within about 100 years of humans arriving on Mauritius, the Dodo was extinct. This means there are no Dodos left in the world today, only drawings and descriptions from those times give us an idea of what they looked like.



Despite its sad story, the Dodo still has lessons to teach us. It shows us how different each species on our planet is, and how important it is to protect them. The Dodo, with its unique inability to fly and lack of fear of humans, was very different from other bird species. Remembering the Dodo helps us understand that every creature, no matter how different, has its own place in the world's story.



Dodo Bird

#### Solve each problem.

Solv	e each problem.		
	<ul><li>the article to answer the question.</li><li>How big was the Dodo bird?</li><li>A. About 6 feet tall</li><li>C. About 1 foot tall</li></ul>		About 5 feet tall About 3 feet tall
2)	<ul><li>What color were the Dodo bird's legs?</li><li>A. Pink-purple</li><li>C. Yellow-orange</li></ul>		Blue-grey Black-white
3)	<ul><li>Where did the Dodo bird live?</li><li>A. The island of Madagascar</li><li>C. The mountains of Himalaya</li></ul>		The deserts of Africa The island of Mauritius
4)	<ul><li>Are there any Dodo birds left today?</li><li>A. Yes, they are still around</li><li>C. Yes, but only in zoos</li></ul>		No, they are extinct They are very rare, but a few still exist
5)	<ul><li>What happened to the Dodo bird after human</li><li>A. They started to eat meat</li><li>C. They started living in nests in trees</li></ul>	B.	rived? They learned to fly They were hunted for food
6)	Could the Dodo bird fly? A. It could fly sometimes C. Yes, it could fly		Only for about 10 minute at a time No, it could not fly
7)	<ul><li>What choice did the Dodo bird NOT eat?</li><li>A. Other birds</li><li>C. Seeds</li></ul>		Roots Fruits
8)	<ul><li>Did Dodo birds have any natural predators be</li><li>A. Yes, they were attacked by hawks</li><li>C. Yes, they were preyed upon by snakes</li></ul>	B.	e humans arrived? No, they did not have any natural predators Yes, they were hunted by large cats
9) 10)	<ul><li>What type of beak did the Dodo bird have?</li><li>A. Flat, wide beak</li><li>C. Big, hooked beak</li><li>When did humans discover Mauritius?</li></ul>		Sharp, curved beak Small, pointed beak
·	<ul><li>A. In the early 1200s</li><li>C. In the early 1900s</li></ul>		In the mid 1600s In the late 1500s

# Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

11) "I love to travel, my species can be found all over the world."

Reading

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1-10										
11-20	45	40	35	30	25	20	15	10	5	0

		N
<u>12</u> )	Dodo Bird "I'm always on guard because of the many natural predators in my habitat	Name:
12)		t.
13) 14)		
15)		
16)	1	
17)		
18)		. "
19)		
20)		
21)		
22)		
23)		
24)	1 5	
25)		here were no
26)	"The animals that humans brought with them caused so much destruction our eggs!"	, they even ate
27)	"Life on the island was peaceful until humans arrived. I had no predators.	
28)	"My colorful feathers are quite attractive."	
29)	"I'm quite tall for a bird, almost the same height as a three-year-old child.	"
30)	"I might be different from other birds – I can't fly and I was not afraid of	humans!"
Dete	termine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in	the article.
31)	The Dodo was hunted by sailors and the animals they brought like dogs a	nd pigs.
32)	The Dodo bird's inability to fly was its most interesting feature.	
33)	Dodo birds called the island of Mauritius, in the Indian Ocean, home.	
34)	Dodo bird is the best bird because it ate fruits, seeds, nuts, and roots.	
35)	Dodo birds were quite large and around 3 feet tall.	
36)	The tiny wings of the Dodo bird were cute.	
37)	There are no Dodos left in the world today.	
38)	The wings of Dodo birds were too small for them to fly.	
<b>39</b> )	Dodo Birds were the cutest birds to ever exist.	

**40**) The extinction of the Dodo Bird was one of the saddest events in history.

#### Determine if the statement is true or false.

- 41) There are no Dodos left in the world today.
- **42**) Dodo birds were black and white.
- **43**) The Dodo had no natural predators on their island.
- 44) The Dodo bird was small and could fly with its big wings.

	Dodo E	Bird	Name:					
45)	The Dodo bird would eat seeds and nuts.							
<b>46</b> )	The Dodo bird was afraid of humans.							
47)	Dodo birds lived in Africa.							
<b>48</b> )	The Dodo bird liked to live in trees.							
<b>49</b> )	The Dodo bird was unable to fly.							
50)	The Dodo bird was about 3 feet tall.							
Dete	ermine which choice is the expanded form (	of the underlined contraction.						
51)	They're known for their inability to fly and u							
	A. They were	B. They are						
	C. They have	D. They will						
52)	We'll never see a live dodo bird because they	v've all died out.						
	A. We will	B. We were						
	C. We are	D. We have						
53)	Dodo birds aren't around anymore because the	ney're extinct.						
	A. is not	B. am not						
	C. were not	D. are not						
54)	Dodo birds didn't have any natural predators	on their island.						
	A. did not	B. does not						
	C. have not	D. do not						
55)	It's been hundreds of years since the last dod	o bird was seen.						
	A. It will	B. It is						
	C. It has	D. It was						

# Determine if the sentence is a declarative(d), exclamatory(e), interrogative(i) or imperative(m).

- **56)** The Dodo bird had small, useless wings.
- 57) Why did Dodo Birds become extinct?
- **58**) The Dodo bird is an extinct bird.
- **59**) The Dodo bird was about 3 feet tall.
- **60)** Do any Dodo Birds still exist today?
- 61) The Dodo Bird went extinct over 300 years ago, it's such a loss!
- **62**) Where did Dodo Birds live?

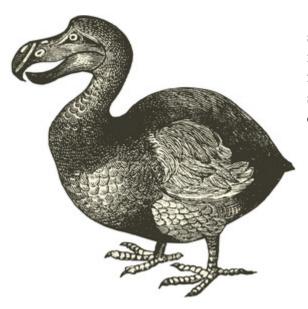
		Dodo Bird	Name:	
1.	26	51.		
2.	27	52.		
3.	28	53.		
4.	29	54.		
5.	30	55.		
6	31.	56.		
7.	32	57.		
8.	33	58.		
9.	34	59.		
10.	35	60.		
11.	36	61.		
12.	37	62.		
13.	38			
14.	39			
15.	40			
16	41			
17.	42			
18.	43			
19.	44			
20.	45			
21.	46			
22.	47			
23.	48.			
24.	49			
25. <b>Reading</b>	50.			
Reauing	www.CommonC	CoreSheets.com Page	e 5 of 5	

Let's go on a journey back in time to meet a curious bird named Dodo. This fascinating creature was quite large, about 3 feet tall, and had a big, hooked beak. Covered in grey or brownish feathers, this chubby bird had tiny wings that were too small for it to fly. Its blue-grey legs were strong and sturdy, perfect for its life on the ground.

Stomping around with those strong legs, the Dodo called the beautiful island of Mauritius, located in the Indian Ocean, home. It lived in the forested areas of the island, where it could find plenty of food. Speaking of food, this bird was not a picky eater at all, munching on fruits, seeds, nuts, and roots that it found on the ground. The Dodo didn't have to worry about finding food because it didn't have any natural predators on the island, that is, until humans arrived.



When humans discovered Mauritius in the late 1500s, life changed dramatically for our feathered friends. The Dodo was hunted for food by sailors, and the animals they brought with them, like dogs and pigs, destroyed their nests and ate their eggs. Sadly, within about 100 years of humans arriving on Mauritius, the Dodo was extinct. This means there are no Dodos left in the world today, only drawings and descriptions from those times give us an idea of what they looked like.



Despite its sad story, the Dodo still has lessons to teach us. It shows us how different each species on our planet is, and how important it is to protect them. The Dodo, with its unique inability to fly and lack of fear of humans, was very different from other bird species. Remembering the Dodo helps us understand that every creature, no matter how different, has its own place in the world's story.



Dodo Bird

Name: **Answer Key** 

#### Solve each problem.

5017			
	the article to answer the question.		
I)	How big was the Dodo bird?	P	
	A. About 6 feet tall		About 5 feet tall
	C. About 1 foot tall	D.	About 3 feet tall
2)	What color were the Dodo bird's legs?		
	A. Pink-purple	B.	Blue-grey
	C. Yellow-orange	D.	Black-white
3)	Where did the Dodo bird live?		
ŕ	A. The island of Madagascar	B.	The deserts of Africa
	C. The mountains of Himalaya	D.	The island of Mauritius
4)	Are there any Dodo birds left today?		
-	A. Yes, they are still around	B	No, they are extinct
	C. Yes, but only in zoos		They are very rare, but a few still
		р.	exist
5)	What happened to the Dodo bird after human	s ar	rived?
	A. They started to eat meat		They learned to fly
	C. They started living in nests in trees		They were hunted for food
6)	Could the Dodo bird fly?		
	A. It could fly sometimes	B.	Only for about 10 minute at a time
	C. Yes, it could fly	D.	No, it could not fly
7)	What choice did the Dodo bird NOT eat?		
	A. Other birds	В.	Roots
	C. Seeds	D.	Fruits
8)	Did Dodo birds have any natural predators be	ofore	e humans arrived?
0)	A. Yes, they were attacked by hawks		No, they did not have any natural
		2.	predators
	C. Yes, they were preyed upon by	D.	Yes, they were hunted by large cats
	snakes		
9)	What type of beak did the Dodo bird have?		
	A. Flat, wide beak	В.	Sharp, curved beak
	C. Big, hooked beak	D.	Small, pointed beak
10)	When did humans discover Mauritius?		
-	A. In the early 1200s	B.	In the mid 1600s
	C. In the early 1900s	D.	In the late 1500s

## Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

11) "I love to travel, my species can be found all over the world."

	Dodo Bird	Name:	Answer Key
12)	"I'm always on guard because of the many natural predators in my habitat."		
13)	"Walking is more my style, thanks to my sturdy blue-grey legs."		
14)	"I love soaring high above the trees with my large wings."		
15)	"I'm not that different from other bird species."		
16)	"I prefer eating meat and insects over fruits and seeds."		
17)	"Fruits, seeds, nuts, and roots, that's what fills my tummy."		
18)	"Today, I exist only in drawings and descriptions in human history books."		
<b>19</b> )	"Even with wings, I prefer to stay grounded, they are just too tiny for flying."		
20)	"I struggle to walk because of my weak legs."		
21)	"I'm too scared to approach humans."		
22)	"I lived in the desert, always in search of water."		
23)	"I love the forests! There are plenty of delicacies for me to munch on."		
24)	"Humans did a great job protecting my species."		
25)	"Sadly, we couldn't survive the human intrusion and in about 100 years, there Dodos left, including me."	e were no	
26)	"The animals that humans brought with them caused so much destruction, the our eggs!"	ey even at	e
27)	"Life on the island was peaceful until humans arrived. I had no predators."		
28)	"My colorful feathers are quite attractive."		
29)	"I'm quite tall for a bird, almost the same height as a three-year-old child."		
30)	"I might be different from other birds – I can't fly and I was not afraid of hum	ans!"	
Dete	ermine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in the	article.	
31)	The Dodo was hunted by sailors and the animals they brought like dogs and p	oigs.	
32)	The Dodo bird's inability to fly was its most interesting feature.		
33)	Dodo birds called the island of Mauritius, in the Indian Ocean, home.		

- 34) Dodo bird is the best bird because it ate fruits, seeds, nuts, and roots.
- 35) Dodo birds were quite large and around 3 feet tall.
- **36)** The tiny wings of the Dodo bird were cute.
- **37**) There are no Dodos left in the world today.
- **38)** The wings of Dodo birds were too small for them to fly.
- **39)** Dodo Birds were the cutest birds to ever exist.
- 40) The extinction of the Dodo Bird was one of the saddest events in history.

#### Determine if the statement is true or false.

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	Dodo B	Bird	Name:	Answer Key
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<b>48</b> )	The Dodo bird liked to live in trees.			
<b>49</b> )	The Dodo bird was unable to fly.			
50)	The Dodo bird was about 3 feet tall.			
Det	ermine which choice is the expanded form o	of the underlined contraction.		
51)	They're known for their inability to fly and u	nique appearance.		
	A. They were	B. They are		
	C. They have	D. They will		
52)	We'll never see a live dodo bird because they	've all died out.		
	A. We will	B. We were		
	C. We are	D. We have		
53)	Dodo birds aren't around anymore because the	ey're extinct.		
	A. is not	B. am not		
	C. were not	D. are not		
54)	Dodo birds didn't have any natural predators	on their island.		
	A. did not	B. does not		
	C. have not	D. do not		
55)	It's been hundreds of years since the last dod	o bird was seen.		
	A. It will	B. It is		
	C. It has	D. It was		

# Determine if the sentence is a declarative(d), exclamatory(e), interrogative(i) or imperative(m).

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- 57) Why did Dodo Birds become extinct?
- **58)** The Dodo bird is an extinct bird.
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- **62)** Where did Dodo Birds live?

			Dodo Bird			Name:	Answer Key
1.	D	26.	true	51.	В	_	
2.	В	27	true	52.	Α	_	
3.	D	28	false	53.	D	_	
4.	В	29.	true	54.	A	_	
5.	<b>D</b>	30.	true	55.	С	_	
6.	D	31.	fact	56.	declarative	_	
7.	A	32.	opinion	57.	interrogative	_	
8.	В	33	fact	58.	declarative	_	
9.	<u> </u>	34	opinion	59.	declarative	_	
10.	D	35	fact	60.	interrogative	_	
11.	false	36	opinion	61.	exclamatory	_	
12.	false	37	fact	62.	interrogative	_	
13.	true	38	fact				
14.	false	39	opinion				
15.	false	40.	opinion				
16.	false	41	true				
17.	true	42	false				
18.	true	43.	true				
19.	true	44	false				
20.	false	45.	true				
21.	false	46.	false				
22.	false	47	false				
23.	true	48.	false				
24.	false	49.	true				
25.	true	50	true				
	Reading	www.Commor	nCoreSheets.com	Page 4	4 of 4		



Dodo Bird

#### Solve each problem.

2011	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
	the article to answer the question.		
1)	How big was the Dodo bird? (paragraph 1)		
	A. About 6 feet tall	В.	
	С.	D.	About 3 feet tall
2)	What color were the Dodo bird's legs? (paragrap	h 1)	
	А.	В.	Blue-grey
	C.	D.	
3)	Where did the Dodo bird live? (paragraph 2)		
	A. The island of Madagascar	В.	The deserts of Africa
	С.	D.	The island of Mauritius
4)	Are there any Dodo birds left today? (paragraph 2	3)	
	Α.	B.	No, they are extinct
	С.	D.	
5)	What happened to the Dodo bird after human	s ar	rived? (paragraph 3)
	A. They started to eat meat	В.	
	С.	D.	They were hunted for food
6)	Could the Dodo bird fly? (paragraph 1)		
	А.	В.	Only for about 10 minute at a time
	С.	D.	No, it could not fly
7)	What choice did the Dodo bird NOT eat? (para	graph	2)
	A. Other birds	В.	Roots
	С.	D.	
8)	Did Dodo birds have any natural predators be	efore	e humans arrived? (paragraph 2)
	A. Yes, they were attacked by hawks	В.	No, they did not have any natural
			predators
	С.	D.	
9)	What type of beak did the Dodo bird have? (p	aragra	uph 1)
	A. Flat, wide beak	B.	
	C. Big, hooked beak	D.	
10)	When did humans discover Mauritius? (paragrap	ph 3)	
	A. In the early 1200s	В.	In the mid 1600s
	С.	D.	In the late 1500s

### Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

11) "I love to travel, my species can be found all over the world." (paragraph 2)



12) "I'm always on guard because of the many natural predators in my habitat." (paragraph 2)

